Apache NiFi 3

Installing and Upgrading NiFi

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Contents

NiFi	Installation	3
	Installing NiFi on Linux	3
	Installing NiFi on Linux	
	Installing NiFi as a Service	.3
	Starting and Stopping NiFi on Linux	
	Installing NiFi on Windows	
	Configuring the NiFi MSI	.4
	Starting and Stopping NiFi on Windows	.7
	Launching the User Interface	. 8

Docker Installation	. 8
Importing Docker	8
Downloading NiFi using Docker	
Running a Docker Container	
Standalone Instance, Unsecured	
Standalone Instance, Two-Way SSL	9
Standalone Instance, LDAP	.10
Configuration Information	.11

Upgrading NiFi	
Getting ready to upgrade	
Preserve customizations prior to upgrade	
Preserve your custom processors	
Preserve your custom NAR files	
Install the new NiFi version	
Update the configuration files for your new NiFi installation	
Migrating a dataflow with sensitive properties	15
Restarting the dataflow after upgrade	

NiFi Installation

If you want to use NiFi for flow management and you do not need the extra components supplied by HDF, you can install NiFi as a stand-alone application on either a Linux or Windows operating system.

Installing NiFi on Linux

To install NiFi on a Linux operating system:

1. Extract the NiFi files in the repo location listed in the *HDF Release Notes* to the location from which you want to run the application.

Installing NiFi on Linux

To install NiFi on a Linux operating system:

Procedure

- 1. Extract the NiFi files in the repo location listed in the *HDF Release Notes* to the location from which you want to run the application.
- 2. Proceed to the instructions for starting and stopping NiFi.

Related Information HDF Release Notes

Installing NiFi as a Service

You can also install NiFi as a service.

Procedure

- 1. Navigate to the NiFi installation directory.
- 2. Enter:

bin/nifi.sh install

Results

The NiFi service is installed with the default name nifi.

You can specify a custom name by specifying that name during your install command.

For example, to install NiFi as a service with the name dataflow, enter:

bin/nifi.sh install dataflow

Starting and Stopping NiFi on Linux

Once you have downloaded and installed NiFi, you can start it by using the command appropriate for how you want to interact with NiFi. You can start NiFi in the foreground, background, or as a service.

Starting NiFi in the foreground:

Starting NiFi in the foreground will leave the application running until you press Ctrl-C. At that time, it will initiate shutdown of the application.

1. From a terminal window, navigate to the NiFi installation directory.

2. Enter:

bin/nifi.sh run

Starting NiFi in the background:

If you start NiFi in the background, to check the status and see if NiFi is currently running, execute the command / bin/nifi.sh status. To shut down NiFi, execute the command bin/nifi.sh stop.

1. From a terminal window, navigate to the NiFi installation directory.

2. Enter:

bin/nifi.sh start

Starting NiFi as a service:

Once installed, you can start and stop the NiFi service by using the appropriate commands, such as sudo service nifi start and sudo service nifi stop. Additionally, you can check the running status with sudo service nifi status.

1. From a terminal window, enter:

sudo service nifi start

Installing NiFi on Windows

About this task

You can install a single instance of NiFi or MiNiFi on a Windows machine. Running NIFI on Windows in a clustered mode is not supported.

Before you begin

Before you begin your NiFi installation, be sure you meet the following requirements:

- Install JDK 8.0 64 bit.
- Install Java to C:/java instead of C:/Program Files.
- Recent Windows versions mark everything in C:\Program Files as read only.
- Set the JAVA_HOME environment variable using the 8.3 style name conventions.

For example: C:\Program\jdk1.8.0.

- Ensure JAVA_HOME is pointing to a 64-bit JRE/JDK.
- Ensure your system meets the minimum memory requirement for Windows which is 4GB.

Procedure

- 1. Extract the NiFi MSI files to the location from which you want to run the application. You can find the MSI file in the *Windows Files* section of the *Release Notes*.
- 2. Install NiFi to C:/nifi or some root folder.

Related Information

HDF Release Notes

Configuring the NiFi MSI

The MSI adds the Windows service for NiFi. The service is configured to be executed by either a local user in the computer, or a domain user in ActiveDirectory.

4

Using a Local User for NiFi Windows Service

Using a local user for your NiFi Windows Service requires that you specify the appropriate user name and password during your HDF NiFi setup.

About this task

There is no prerequisite to use a Local user for the Windows service. The installer automatically sets up the user.

Procedure

1. If the computer is a part of a domain, then Local User checkbox appears in the HDF NiFi setup window. Check the Local User checkbox to specify that Local user is used to execute the installed service.

HDF NiFi setup	
HDF NiFi package directory	
C:\nifi	Browse
Java command	
java	
java.arg.2	
-Xms512m	
java.arg.3	
-Xmx512m	
nifi.database.directory	
./database_repository	
nifi.content.repository.directory.default	
./content_repository]
nifi.flowfile.repository.directory	
./flowfile_repository	
nifi.provenance.repository.directory.default	
./provenance_repository	
NiFi service usemame	
nifi	🗹 Local User
NiFi service password	
•••••	Show
Install Cancel	Reset

If a user specified at **NiFi service username** does not exist, the installer creates one with the specified **NiFi service password**. If the user already exists, the installer updates its password with the specified password.

- 2. The installer also grants the following privileges to the specified user:
 - SeCreateSymbolicLinkPrivilege

• SeServiceLogonRight

Using a Domain User for NiFi Windows Service

When you are using a domain user for your NiFi Windows service, you must set and configure the appropriate permissions, Install and set up the ActiveDirectory PowerShell module, and configure the appropriate user name and password in the HDF NiFi setup window.

Before you begin

- The computer must be part of the domain.
- The specified user must exist in the domain, and a correct password must be provided.
- ActiveDirectory PowerShell module must be available.

Procedure

1. In the Group Policy Management Editor, set permission to 'Log on as a service.'

Log_on_as_service.png

Group Policy Management Edito	л И		-	
File Action View Help				
🗢 🔿 🙋 📰 🗙 🗉 🗟 🛽				
✓ Windows Setting: ∧ > Name Resolut Scripts (Startu > Deployed Prin ✓ Security Settin ✓ Local Polic ✓ Local Polic ✓ User Ri ✓ Securit	Policy Deny log on through Remote Desktop Services Finable computer and user accounts to be trusted for delega Force shutdown from a remote system Generate security audits Impersonate a client after authentication Increase a process working set Increase scheduling priority Coad and unload device drivers Cock pages in memory	Policy Setting Not Defined Not Defined Not Defined Not Defined Not Defined Not Defined Not Defined Not Defined Not Defined		
	Log on as a batch job	Not Defined		
System Se A Registry	Cog on as a service	Not Defined Not Defined		

2. Navigate to a machine on which NiFi is installed and enter the following command:

gpupdate

The gpupdate command is a machine-wide command and can be executed from any directory on the NiFi machine.

3. Install the ActiveDirectory PowerShell module by entering the following in the PowerShell console:

Add-WindowsFeature RSAT-AD-PowerShell

4. In the HDF NiFi setup window, uncheck 'Local User' checkbox then click Install.

HDF_NiFi_setup.png

HDF NiFi setup	
HDF NiFi package directory	
C:\nifi	Browse
Java command	
java	
java.arg.2	
-Xms512m	
java.arg.3	
-Xmx512m	
nifi.database.directory	
./database_repository	
nifi.content.repository.directory.default	
./content_repository	
nifi.flowfile.repository.directory	
./flowfile_repository	
nifi.provenance.repository.directory.default	
./provenance_repository	
NiFi service usemame	
nifi	🗹 Local User
NiFi service password	
•••••	Show
Install Cancel	Reset

What to do next

After installation, you can update Java options at nifi-install-dir\conf\bootstrap.conf file. Repository locations are at nifi-install-dir\conf\nifi.properties file.

Starting and Stopping NiFi on Windows

You can start NiFi by running a .bat command from the terminal, and you can stop NiFi using keyboard commands.

Starting NiFi

- 1. From a terminal window, navigate to the NiFi installation directory.
- 2. Enter:

```
bin\run-nifi.bat
```

Stopping NiFi

- 1. Select the window that was launched when you started NiFi.
- 2. Hold the Ctrl key while pressing C.

Launching the User Interface

After you have started NiFi, you can bring up the User Interface (UI) to create and monitor dataflows.

Open a web browser and navigate to http://localhost:8080/nifi.

The toolbars at the top of the UI are very important to create your first dataflow:

nifi 🖸 🔊	[] [] []		° 🤰 🗾		Compo	onents To	oolbar	Glob	oal Menu
🎎 0 🗮 0 / 0 bytes 💿 0	۵ 🖉	▶ 0 ■ 0	🔺 0 火 O	√ 0	* 0	0 0	• • •	0 📿 22:34:27 EST	Search —> 🔍 🛛
Ø Navigate			Status Bar						
Q Q [] :									
😋 Operate									
NiFi Flow Process Group 22164a68-0160-1000-e68d-a75c6dccdec1		Operate Palette							
	-								

Docker Installation

You can use Docker to install NiFi to utilize the resource efficiency of a container. The NiFi Docker installation provides a Docker image and associated scripts for configuring an instance of Apache NiFi.



Note:

You can install a single instance of NiFi using the Docker image. Running containerized NIFI in a clustered mode is not supported.

Importing Docker

The first step to use the NiFi Docker installation is to import Docker. Enter the following command to import Docker:

```
docker import [OPTIONS] file |URL - [REPOSITORY[:TAG]]
```

You can use the following options:

--change, -c

--message, -m

Apply Dockerfile instruction to the created image

Set commit message for imported image

Downloading NiFi using Docker

The second step to use the NiFi Docker installation is to download the NiFi image from the Docker hub.

For the location of the Docker hub, see the HDF Release Notes.

```
docker pull hortonworks/<hdf-nifi-image-name>
```

Related Information HDF Release Notes

Running a Docker Container

You can run a Docker container in three environments:

Standalone Instance, Unsecured

The standalone unsecured instance runs a NiFi instance by itself. This is the minimum configuration needed to run a NiFi instance.

```
docker run --name nifi \
-p 18080:8080 \
-d \
apache/nifi:latest
```

This will provide a running instance, exposing the instance UI to the host system on port 18080, viewable at http://localhost:18080/nifi.

Standalone Instance, Two-Way SSL

Use this configuration to run NiFi in a standalone instance with a transport layer security protocol (SSL).

In this configuration, you must provide the following:

• Certificates and the associated configuration information.

Note:

The AUTH environment variable is set to tls.

• A DN as provided by an accessing client certificate in the INITIAL_ADMIN_IDENTITY environment variable.

This value will be used to seed the instance with an initial user with administrative privileges.

A volume to provide certificates on the host system to the container instance.

```
docker run --name nifi \
-v /User/dreynolds/certs/localhost:/opt/certs \
-p 18443:8443 \
-e AUTH=tls \
-e KEYSTORE_PATH=/opt/certs/keystore.jks \
-e KEYSTORE_PATH=/opt/certs/truststore.jks \
-e TRUSTSTORE_PATH=/opt/certs/truststore.jks \
-e TRUSTSTORE_PATH=/opt/certs/truststore.jks \
-e TRUSTSTORE_PASSWORD=rHkWR1gDNW3R9hgbeRsT3OM3Ue0zwGtQqcFKJD2EXWE \
-e TRUSTSTORE_TYPE=JKS \
-e INITIAL_ADMIN_IDENTITY='CN=Random User, O=Apache, OU=NiFi, C=US' \
-d \
apache/nifi:latest
```

Standalone Instance, LDAP

Use this configuration to run NiFi in a standalone instance with LDAP.

In this configuration, you must to provide the following:

U

• Certificates and the associated configuration information.

Optionally, if the LDAP provider of interest is operating in LDAPS or START_TLS modes, you will need to provide certificates.

Note:
The A

The AUTH environment variable is set to ldap.

- A DN as provided by the configured LDAP server in the INITIAL_ADMIN_IDENTITY environment variable.
 - This value will be used to seed the instance with an initial user with administrative privileges.
- A volume to provide certificates on the host system to the container instance.

Enter the following for a minimal connection to an LDAP server using SIMPLE authentication:

```
docker run --name nifi \
-v /User/dreynolds/certs/localhost:/opt/certs \
-p 18443:8443 \
-e AUTH=tls \
-e KEYSTORE_PATH=/opt/certs/keystore.jks \
-e KEYSTORE_TYPE=JKS ∖
-e KEYSTORE PASSWORD=QKZv1hSWAFQYZ+WU1jjF5ank+14iqeOfQRp+OSbkkrs \
-e TRUSTSTORE PATH=/opt/certs/truststore.jks \
-e TRUSTSTORE_PASSWORD=rHkWR1gDNW3R9hgbeRsT3OM3Ue0zwGtQqcFKJD2EXWE \
-e TRUSTSTORE_TYPE=JKS ∖
-e INITIAL_ADMIN_IDENTITY='cn=admin,dc=example,dc=org' \
-e LDAP_AUTHENTICATION_STRATEGY='SIMPLE'
-e LDAP_MANAGER_DN='cn=admin,dc=example,dc=org' \
-e LDAP_MANAGER_PASSWORD='password' \
-e LDAP_USER_SEARCH_BASE='dc=example,dc=org' \
-e LDAP_USER_SEARCH_FILTER='cn={0}' \
-e LDAP_IDENTITY_STRATEGY='USE_DN' \
-e LDAP_URL='ldap://ldap:389' \
-d \
apache/nifi:latest
```

You can add the following, optional environment variables to the above command when connecting to a secure LDAP server configured with START_TLS or LDAPS:

-e LDAP_TLS_KEYSTORE: '' -e LDAP_TLS_KEYSTORE_PASSWORD: '' -e LDAP_TLS_KEYSTORE_TYPE: '' -e LDAP_TLS_TRUSTSTORE: '' -e LDAP_TLS_TRUSTSTORE_PASSWORD: '' -e LDAP_TLS_TRUSTSTORE_TYPE: ''

Configuration Information

The following ports are specified by the Docker container for NiFi operation within the container and can be published to the host:

Function	Property	Port
HTTP Port	nifi.web.http.port	8080
HTTPS Port	nifi.web.https.port	8443
Remote Input Socket Port	nifi.remote.input.socket.port	10000

Upgrading NiFi

If you are upgrading a cluster, All Nodes must be upgraded and stopped before starting new Apache NiFi nodes. Your cluster cannot contain nodes with different versions.

Getting ready to upgrade

Before you upgrade Apache NiFi, it is helpful to identify your upgrade path, review changes to the NiFi version to which you are upgrading, and prepare for any changes needed to your environment before or immediately after upgrade.

Interoperability and support information

If you are upgrading NiFi on a Linux operating system, refer to the *Hortonworks Support Matrix* for interoperability and support information for your version of HDF.

If you are upgrading NiFi on a Windows machine, the following Windows versions have been tested:

- Windows Server 2016
- Windows Server 2012 R2

On Windows operating systems, the following upgrade path has been tested:

• HDF 3.1.0 running Apache NiFi 1.5.0 to HDF 3.4.1.1 running Apache NiFi 1.9.0

Review migration guidance

Identify the version of Apache NiFi you are running, and the version of Apache NiFi to which you want to upgrade. Review the *Apache NiFi migration guidance* to be aware of changes made between versions and the impact they may have on your existing dataflows.

Clear queues and shutdown NiFi

Before you begin your NiFi upgrade, stop all the source processors to prevent the ingestion of new data, allow your NiFi flowfile processing queues to empty completely, and then stop NiFi.

Related Information

Apache NiFi migration guidance Hortonworks Support Matrix

Preserve customizations prior to upgrade

If you have created any custom processors or customized any of the default NiFi Archive files that you would like to persist after the upgrade, you should preserve them during the upgrade.

Preserve your custom processors

If you have written custom processors, you can preserve them during the upgrade if you store them in a central location.

Procedure

- **1.** Create a second library directory, called custom_lib.
- 2. Move your custom processors to this new lib directory.
- 3. Add a new line to the nifi.properties file to specify this new lib directory:

```
nifi.nar.library.directory=./lib
nifi.nar.library.directory.custom=/opt/configuration_resources/custom_lib
```

Preserve your custom NAR files

If you have customized any of the default NiFi Archive (NAR) files, upgrading NiFi overwrites these changes. To preserve the customization:

Procedure

- 1. Identify and save the changes you made to the default NAR files.
- 2. Perform your NiFi upgrade.
- 3. Implement the same NAR file changes in your new NiFi instance.
- 4. Start your dataflow.

Install the new NiFi version

Install the new NiFi into a directory parallel to the existing NiFi installation.

Procedure

- 1. Download the latest version of Apache NiFi. You can find the latest NiFi download location in the *HDF Release Notes*.
- 2. If you are installing NiFi on a Linux system, uncompress the NiFi .tar file into a directory parallel to your existing NiFi directory:

tar -xvzf file-name

For example, if your existing NiFi installation is installed in /opt/nifi/nifi-1.0.0.2.0.2.0-17/, install your new NiFi version in a path similar to /opt/nifi/nifi-1.2.0.3.0.2.0-76/.

3. If you are installing NiFi on Windows, double click the NiFi .zip file to expand it, and then copy the expanded installation file into a directory parallel to your existing NiFi directory.

For example, if your existing NiFi installation directory is C:\nifi\nifi-1.5.0.3.1.0.0-564\, expand your new NiFi version in a path similar to C:\nifi\nifi-1.9.0.3.4.1.1-4\

- 4. Create or update a symlink: /opt/nifi/current # /opt/nifi/<nifi build dir>
- 5. If you are upgrading a NiFi cluster, repeat these steps on each node in the cluster.

Related Information

HDF Release Notes

Update the configuration files for your new NiFi installation

Use the configuration files from your existing NiFi installation to manually update the corresponding properties in your new NiFi deployment.

About this task

Do not copy configuration files from your existing NiFi version to the new NiFi version unless otherwise directed below. The newer configuration files may introduce new properties that would be lost if you copy and paste configuration files.

Procedure

- 1. Use the following table to update the configuration files located in <installation-directory>/conf.
- 2. Double check all configured properties for typos.

Table 1: Configuration File Changes

Configuration file	Necessary changes
state-management.xml	For the "local-provider" value, verify the location of "state/local" directory.
	If you have retained the default location (./state/local), copy complete directory tree to new NiFi. The existing NiFi should be stopped if you are copying this directory because it may be constantly writing to this directory while running.
	Configuration best practices recommend that you move the state to an external directory like /opt/ nifi/configuration-resources/ to facilitate future upgrades.
	If this is a NiFi cluster, the "cluster-provider" ZooKeeper "Connect String" should be using the same external ZooKeeper as the existing NiFi installation.
	Hortonworks does not support using the NiFi embedded ZooKeeper.
	If you are using a NiFi cluster, ensure that the new "cluster-provider" ZooKeeper "Root Node" values exactly match your previous values.
login-identity-providers.xml	If you used a provider value in your existing the NiFi installation, copy the <provider> </provider> configuration from the existing NiFi installation to this file in your new NiFi installation.
logback.xml	If you added any custom logging modification to the existing NiFi, make those same changes to the new NiFi installation.
bootstrap.conf	Use the existing NiFi bootstrap.conf file to update properties in new NiFi.
	If you are upgrading to HDF 3.0.x, you should add the following line:
	java.arg.100=-Djavax.security.auth.useSubjectCredsOnly=true
bootstrap-notification-services.xml	Update the values based on values from the existing NiFi file.
authorizers.xml	Copy the <authorizer> </authorizer> configured in the current NiFi to new the NiFi file.
	If you are using "file-provider", ensure that you copy the users.xml and authorizations.xml files from the current to the new NiFi.
	Configuration best practices recommend creating a separate location outside of he NiFi base directory for storing such configuration files: for example, /opt/nifi/configuration-resources/. If you are storing these files in a separate directory, you do not need to move them. Instead, ensure that the new NiFi is pointing to the same files.
nifi.properties	Use the current file to populate the same properties in the new NiFi nifi.properties file.
	This file contains the majority of NiFi configuration settings, so ensure that you have populated the values correctly.

Configuration file	Necessary changes		
	If you followed NiFi best practices, the following properties should be pointing to external directories outside of the base NiFi installation path.		
	If the properties point to directories inside the NiFi base installation path, you must copy the target directories to the new NiFi. Stop your current NiFi installation before you do this.		
	nifi.flow.configuration.file=		
	If you have retained the default value, (./conf/flow.xml.gz), copy flow.xml.gz from the current to the new NiFi base install conf directory.		
	Alternately, you can copy to an external location and update the property value to point there.		
	Note: If the sensitive properties key needs to change, the nifi.properties file and the flow.xml.gz can be updated via the Encrypt-Config tool. See <i>Migrating a DataFlow with Sensitive Properties</i> .		
	nifi.flow.configuration.archive.dir=		
	Same applies as above if you want to retain archived copies of the flow.xml.gz.		
	nifi.database.directory=		
	Best practices recommends that you use an external location for each repository. Point new NiFi at same external database repository location.		
	nifi.flowfile.repository.directory=		
	Best practices recommends that you use an external location for each repository. Point new NiFi at same external database repository location.		
	Attention:		
	You may experience data loss if flowfile repositories are not accessible to new NiFi.		
	nifi.content.repository.directory.default=		
	Best practices recommends that you use an external location for each repository. Point new NiFi at same external database repository location.		
	Your current NiFi may have multiple content repos defined. Make sure exact same property names are used and point to appropriate matching content repo locations. For example:		
	<pre>nifi.content.repository.directory.content1= nifi.content.repository.directory.conten2=</pre>		
	Attention: You may experience data loss if content repositories are not accessible to new NiFi.		
	Attention:		
	You may experience data loss may if property names are wrong or the property points to wrong content repository.		

Configuration file	Necessary changes
	nifi.provenance.repository.directory.default=
	Best practices recommends that you use an external location for each repository. Point new NiFi at same external database repository location.
	Your current NiFi might define multiple content repositories. Ensure that your new installation uses the same property names and point to appropriate matching content repository locations.
	For example:
	<pre>nifi.provenance.repository.directory.provenance1= nifi.provenance.repository.directory.provenance2=</pre>
	Note: You may not be able to query old events if you have not moved the provenance repositories or did not update the properties correctly.

Migrating a dataflow with sensitive properties

When you set a value for nifi.sensitive.props.key in nifi.properties, that key is used to encrypt sensitive properties like component passwords in the flow. If you need to change the sensitive properties key value, you can use the Encrypt-Config tool in the NiFi Toolkit to migrate the sensitive properties key to a new value and update the flow.xml.gz file.

About this task

The Encrypt-Config tool performs the following actions:

- Reads the existing flow.xml.gz and decrypts the sensitive values using the current key.
- Encrypts all the sensitive values with a specified new key.
- Updates the nifi.properties and flow.xml.gz files or creates new versions of them.

Procedure

Run the following command:

```
$ ./nifi-toolkit-<version>/bin/encrypt-config.sh
-f /path/to/nifi/nifi-<source-version>/conf/flow.xml.gz
-g /path/to/nifi/nifi-<target-version>/conf/flow.xml.gz
-s <new-password>
-n /path/to/nifi/nifi-<source-version>/conf/nifi.properties
-o /path/to/nifi/nifi-<target-version>/conf/nifi.properties
-x
```

Where:

- -f Specifies the source flow.xml.gz.
- -g Specifies the destination flow.xml.gz.
- -s Specifies the new sensitive properties key.
- -n Specifies the source nifi.properties.
- -o Specifies the destination nifi.properties.
- -x Tells the Encrypt-Config tool to only process the sensitive properties.

For more information, see the Encrypt-Config Tool section in the NiFi Toolkit Guide.

Related Information

Using the Apache NiFi Toolkit

Restarting the dataflow after upgrade

After you have installed and configured the new NiFi cluster, complete the upgrade process by configuring your new NiFi cluster to take over flow management tasks.

Procedure

- 1. Set the directory and file ownership of your new NiFi instance to match the current owner and permissions of the existing NiFi instance.
- 2. If you have not already done so, stop your existing NiFi instance.



Attention:

Do not start your new NiFi installation while the existing NiFi installation is still running. You may experience data loss if both NiFi configurations are pointing at any of the same external configuration files, repositories, or similar.

- 3. Start your new NiFi instance as the same user as for your existing NiFi instance.
- **4.** If your existing NiFi instance was configured to run as a service, update any symlinks or service scripts to point to new NiFi version executables.